FINISHED SIZE 60” × 85”

DIRECTIONS

All seam allowances are ¼” unless otherwise indicated.

CUT THE FABRIC

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>KONA® COTTON</th>
<th>10½” SQUARES</th>
<th>3” STRIPS</th>
<th>6½” SQUARES</th>
<th>3½” SQUARES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Silver</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Iron</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bonsai</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cactus</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aloe</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ice Frappe</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Celestial</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prussian</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Indigo</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Aqua</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
<td>see Cutting Diagram 2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Azure</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>24</td>
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<tr>
<td>Graphite</td>
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<td>6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CUTTING DETAIL

— For Silver, Iron, Bonsai, Cactus, Aloe, Ice Frappe, and Celestial:
  — Cut a 10½” strip, then cut three 10½” squares from the strip
  — Cut two 3” strips.

— For Indigo:
  — Cut two 10½” strips, then cut six 10½” squares from the strips

— For Azure:
  — Cut two 3½” strips, then cut twenty-four 3½” squares from the strips

— For Graphite:
  — Cut one 6½” strip, then cut six 6½” squares from the strip
  — With fabric folded in half lengthwise, refer to Cutting Diagram 2 and cut six 10½” squares and eight 3” strips.

PIECE THE UNITS

1. This quilt is assembled in rows. There are three kinds of rows: triangle rows, rectangle rows, and one flying geese row.

MAKE TRIANGLE ROWS

2. Each triangle row is made up of a pair of colors. We’re going to make half square triangles out of each pair of colors using the 10½” squares.
3. The row pairs are: Ice Frappe + Bonsai, Aloe + Indigo, Aqua + Prussian, Silver + Celestial, Cactus + Iron, Aqua + Indigo

4. For each pair:
   — Take the lighter of the two fabrics and, on each square, use a straight edge to draw a line across the diagonal on the wrong side of the fabric. Pin the marked square to its partner along the line, lining up edges. Sew a scant quarter inch on either side of the marked line. Then cut on the marked line. Press the newly made half square triangle open, pressing seam allowances to the darker fabric.

5. Arrange the half square triangles in a row, according to the layout diagram. **(FIGURE 1)** Sew the row of half square triangles together.

**MAKE RECTANGLE ROWS**

6. Each rectangle row is made up of a pair of fabrics. The row pairs are:
   — Iron + Silver, Celestial + Cactus, Aloe + Aqua, Ice Frappe + Bonsai

7. For each pair:
   — Sew strips together, lengthwise, alternating fabrics. You will end up with a piece of 4 long stripes. (For Aqua + Aloe fabric pair, sew the two long strips together, then sew the shorter Aqua pieces to the remaining Aloe strip.) Cut the long stripes into six 5½” striped strips. (You will have extra.) Arrange the strips into a row following **FIGURE 1**, and sew together.

**MAKE FLYING GEESE ROW**

8. A single flying goose unit is a rectangle with an isosceles triangle inside. We’re going to make 24 of these units using the no-waste flying geese method as follows **(FIGURE 2)**:
   — Draw a line in pencil across the diagonal of each 3½” Azure square.
   — Line up two of the 3½” squares of Azure along the diagonal of a 6¾” Graphite square. The lines you drew should match up and will go across the diagonal of the graphite square. Stitch ¼” on both sides of the line. **(FIGURE 2)** Cut on the line, and then press the small triangles away.
   — On each of the 2 new pieces, line up a 3½” azure square on the empty corner of what was the 6¾” square. Stitch ¼” on either side of the line. Cut on the line, and then press the small triangle away. You will have 4 flying geese units.
   — Trim units to 3” x 5½”. The point of the triangle should be ¼” away from the edge. Trimming makes a neater, easier-to-piece quilt row.

9. Arrange the flying geese units according to **FIGURE 1**. (The two center units will form a diamond.) Sew the units together into a row. Press seams toward the points of the flying geese.

**SEW THE ROWS TOGETHER**

10. Arrange the rows according to the diagram. Start by pairing a triangle row to an adjacent rectangle row. Pin the two rows together, matching ends, and every fourth rectangle to a triangle point. Do this for all 4 rectangle rows. Press toward rectangle rows. Continue connecting triangle and rectangle rows until the only thing that remains unconnected is the flying geese row. Then, add the flying geese row. Press away from flying geese row.